

TEST ONE

A/ Comprehension

1. The text is a web article
2. a. (§1) b. (§ 5)
3. a. From 1200 to 800 BC. the Phoenicians lived and prospered in the Mediterranean coast north of Palestine.
b. To promote trade, they set up colonies from North Africa to Sicily and Spain
c. The Phoenicians produced a widely admired purple dye which became their trademark and invented a phonetic alphabet.
d. They had contact with North Africa and Europe
4. a. Tyrian purple/purple dye. b. England

B/ Text exploration

1. a. prospered b. fertile c. widely d. simple
2. to admire/ admiration - to prosper/ prosperity
3. a. Despite the fact that it rarely rained in Mesopotamia, the Sumerians developed a strong system of irrigation.
b. As soon as the Phoenicians arrived in Phoenicia , they became town dwellers.
c. The Phoenicians developed a phonetic alphabet of 22 letters which was adapted from the Egyptian hieroglyphics.
d. Egyptians brought improvements in farming, agriculture, medicine and writing whereas Phoenicians developed ship-building, international trade and sailing across seas.
4. a. discovered b. left
5. c. b.d.a
6. /s/ /z/ /iz/
Merchants skills changes
successes

TEST TWO

A. Comprehension

1. a. F b.T c.F d. T e. T
2. c.d.a.e.b
3. a. Egypt imported wood and metal b.The Egyptians preserved the body of a dead person through a process of mummification.

B. Text exploration

- 1.a. ruled b. allowed c. although d. fascination
- 2.a. death b. production c. acquisition d. building
3. a. Egyptian rulers had pyramids built in order to prevent thieves from disturbing their remains .
b. Although tomb chambers were well protected, many tombs were robbed of their treasures.
- 4.a. What is the most well-known image of Egypt?
b. How many royal pyramids have been found in Egypt ?
c. Where did Ancient Egyptians use to pray?

5. /t/ /d/ /id/
established preserved needed
fascinated